

# TESTIMONY CLOSED IN CLARK CASE.

Money Used in Prosecuting the  
Charges Comes From  
Marcus Daly.

## STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES.

Payment of the Indebtedness on  
the Ranch of Representative  
Wood—Purchasing  
Real Estate.

Washington, March 2.—Just before the  
closing of the testimony in the  
Clark case, the prosecution and  
the defense in the investigation of the  
election of Senator Clark of Montana  
announced that they had concluded the  
presentation of testimony. There are some  
points to be examined and argument still  
to be heard. Arrangements for this will be  
made tomorrow.

The committee reserves the right to call  
witnesses in its own behalf, but the feeling  
is general that the adverse part of the  
work is finished. All witnesses called by  
either side have been examined, and many  
of them departed to-night for their homes.  
The investigation began on January 5, and  
up to date one hundred witnesses have been  
examined. Their testimony will fill between  
2,000 and 2,500 pages.

The expense to the Government so far  
has been about \$27,000. A number of wit-  
nesses were examined to-day, but the only  
one who gave important testimony was  
James W. Kemper of Butte, whose state-  
ment here upon the purchase of State Rep-  
resentative Wood's ranch.

Mr. Whitmore explained his relations  
with C. W. Clark as developed in the pur-  
chase of State Senator Warner's ranch.  
The defense introduced three or four wit-  
nesses in rebuttal, among them Mr. J. M.  
Neill of Helena. He denied sending a  
message to the effect that the State Sen-  
ate Court could be influenced in the Wil-  
lamson disbursement case.

**Campbell's Expenses.**  
When the Senate committee resumed its  
hearings to-day, Campbell, still on the  
witness stand, made a statement of  
his expenditures in connection with the  
prosecution of the case against Senator  
Clark of Montana. The statement showed  
the following footings:

Establishing and purchasing newspapers,  
\$1,500; expenses in the present investigation  
and in the Wilamson disbursement case,  
\$1,000.

Mr. Campbell said that the \$1,500 had  
been expended in connection with the  
Lafayette Enterprise, the Butte Chronicle  
and the Carbon County Democrat, which  
had been purchased of established busi-  
ness men. He said that he had no other  
purpose than to believe they were corrupt prac-  
tices.

The money in these cases had only been  
loaned. The other expenditures included  
a money spent to date on account of wit-  
nesses, attorneys, and the prosecution of the  
case. It did not, however, include the  
investigation. Mr. Campbell did not know  
where these charges would be. All the  
money thus expended had been received  
from Mr. Daly.

State Senator Henry L. Myers was re-  
called and questioned concerning his  
statements. He said that his statement  
in his affidavit concerning himself was cor-  
rect. He said that he had not been in the  
main in the investigation. He said that he  
frequently came to him during the session  
of the Legislature, telling him that he came  
from Senator Clark's ranch. He said that  
he had not been in the investigation.

Mr. Myers said that he had not been in the  
investigation. He said that he had not been  
in the investigation. He said that he had not  
been in the investigation. He said that he had  
not been in the investigation.

**PAID IN CASH.**  
He had paid Mr. Warner with cash, be-  
cause Mr. Warner desired the payment  
made that way. The witness said that  
of the money paid Mr. Warner \$200 of it  
was in \$100 bills and \$100 of the re-  
mainder was in \$50 bills. He had not paid  
the money until after the Legislature con-  
vened.

When Mr. Whitmore left the stand, Mr.  
Stimney announced that the prosecution  
and the defense in the investigation of the  
election of Senator Clark of Montana  
announced that they had concluded the  
presentation of testimony. There are some  
points to be examined and argument still  
to be heard. Arrangements for this will be  
made tomorrow.

The committee reserves the right to call  
witnesses in its own behalf, but the feeling  
is general that the adverse part of the  
work is finished. All witnesses called by  
either side have been examined, and many  
of them departed to-night for their homes.  
The investigation began on January 5, and  
up to date one hundred witnesses have been  
examined. Their testimony will fill between  
2,000 and 2,500 pages.

The expense to the Government so far  
has been about \$27,000. A number of wit-  
nesses were examined to-day, but the only  
one who gave important testimony was  
James W. Kemper of Butte, whose state-  
ment here upon the purchase of State Rep-  
resentative Wood's ranch.

Mr. Whitmore explained his relations  
with C. W. Clark as developed in the pur-  
chase of State Senator Warner's ranch.  
The defense introduced three or four wit-  
nesses in rebuttal, among them Mr. J. M.  
Neill of Helena. He denied sending a  
message to the effect that the State Sen-  
ate Court could be influenced in the Wil-  
lamson disbursement case.

**Campbell's Expenses.**  
When the Senate committee resumed its  
hearings to-day, Campbell, still on the  
witness stand, made a statement of  
his expenditures in connection with the  
prosecution of the case against Senator  
Clark of Montana. The statement showed  
the following footings:



MARCUS DALY.  
Montana Mine-owning Millionaire and Leader in the Fight Against  
Senator Clark.

at the hands of Congress. Their greatest  
achievement is the law they enacted by let-  
ters mailed on trains, at depots and sta-  
tions. They are entitled to commendation on  
this matter. The same law is to be made  
at their office, but they do not get it. They  
are now appealing to Congress to amend  
the law. The same law is to be made at  
their office, but they do not get it. They  
are now appealing to Congress to amend  
the law.

Three plans have been offered, either of  
which will cure the defect and satisfy the  
Postmaster. One plan, and that is the most  
simple, is the changing of a single figure in  
the present law. Another plan is to change  
the word "canceled" to "voided," the third  
to require that the railway mail car-  
riers be required to deliver the fourth-  
class mail. The last plan is the most  
difficult of carrying out and not wholly  
practical.

## LIQUOR TRAFFIC IN MANILA.

President Directed by Senate to Get  
Information.

Washington, March 2.—Mr. Perkins  
of California, when the Senate convened to-  
day, presented a petition of the California  
delegation in Congress of thirty-five asso-  
ciations and of 15,000 people of California  
and Hawaii, protesting against the sale of  
liquor in Manila.

Mr. Perkins thought the right of petition  
was sacred at all times, but the clause held  
that the whole matter would have to go  
before the Senate. Mr. Perkins said that he  
was not a member of the Senate, but he was  
a member of the House of Representatives.

**INDIAN APPROPRIATION BILL.**  
Traders Ask That Name Covering  
Their Claims Be Withdrawn.

Washington, March 2.—The Senate com-  
mittee on Indian Affairs had a hearing to-  
day on the Thurston amendment to the In-  
dian appropriation bill. The amendment  
provides for the payment to the traders of  
the Indian Territory of \$100,000 from the  
trust fund of \$1,000,000 by the United States  
Government.

**WASHINGTON HOTEL ARRIVALS.**  
Washington, March 2.—Hotel arrivals:  
Arrington—C. O. Barker, St. Louis.  
Ebbitt—B. F. Curtis, Winchester, Ky.

## B. Y. P. U. CONVENTION.

Officers Elected and Session Closed  
—Successful Meeting.

Monroe City, Mo., March 2.—The B. Y.  
P. U. and S. conventions of the Bethel  
Association opened this morning with devo-  
tional exercises led by the Reverend J. A.  
Lusk of Shelbyville.

He had paid Mr. Warner with cash, be-  
cause Mr. Warner desired the payment  
made that way. The witness said that  
of the money paid Mr. Warner \$200 of it  
was in \$100 bills and \$100 of the re-  
mainder was in \$50 bills. He had not paid  
the money until after the Legislature con-  
vened.

When Mr. Whitmore left the stand, Mr.  
Stimney announced that the prosecution  
and the defense in the investigation of the  
election of Senator Clark of Montana  
announced that they had concluded the  
presentation of testimony. There are some  
points to be examined and argument still  
to be heard. Arrangements for this will be  
made tomorrow.

The committee reserves the right to call  
witnesses in its own behalf, but the feeling  
is general that the adverse part of the  
work is finished. All witnesses called by  
either side have been examined, and many  
of them departed to-night for their homes.  
The investigation began on January 5, and  
up to date one hundred witnesses have been  
examined. Their testimony will fill between  
2,000 and 2,500 pages.

The expense to the Government so far  
has been about \$27,000. A number of wit-  
nesses were examined to-day, but the only  
one who gave important testimony was  
James W. Kemper of Butte, whose state-  
ment here upon the purchase of State Rep-  
resentative Wood's ranch.

Mr. Whitmore explained his relations  
with C. W. Clark as developed in the pur-  
chase of State Senator Warner's ranch.  
The defense introduced three or four wit-  
nesses in rebuttal, among them Mr. J. M.  
Neill of Helena. He denied sending a  
message to the effect that the State Sen-  
ate Court could be influenced in the Wil-  
lamson disbursement case.

**Campbell's Expenses.**  
When the Senate committee resumed its  
hearings to-day, Campbell, still on the  
witness stand, made a statement of  
his expenditures in connection with the  
prosecution of the case against Senator  
Clark of Montana. The statement showed  
the following footings:

# DESCRIPTIONS OF SPION KOP FIGHT.

Why One of the Most Carefully  
Planned Movements in His-  
tory Failed.

## BRITISH STOOD NO CHANCE.

Boots Were Too Strong for Buller,  
Who Realized It Before His  
Troops Went Up the  
Mountain.

London, February 2.—"Strengthen up to  
acquit ourselves like men."

That was an extract from a prayer written  
by the Archbishop of Armagh, which Lord  
Roberts had ordered distributed to his sol-  
diers in the field.

For the last few days the London dailies  
have published four or five columns each  
of mail matter from their correspondents at  
the front. These show that the operations  
which began on January 31 and ended with  
Buller once more going back across the  
Tugela, on January 25, were far more dra-  
matic than could be imagined from the  
calm dispatches.

Men whose lives have been spent in de-  
scribing fighting of every kind in every  
corner of the globe declare Buller's move-  
ment to have been one of the most care-  
fully planned and intensely interesting from  
a military point of view that has marked  
the history of the world.

Starting from Chipewitz on January 31,  
General Buller brought his forces slowly  
to the southern bank of the Tugela, only  
a few miles from where his intentions  
were known to the Boers. The Boers  
were waiting for him. The Boers were  
waiting for him. The Boers were waiting  
for him.

**MEETING CALLED.**  
Kansas Cityans Will Push Work  
for Democratic Convention.

Kansas City, Mo., March 2.—J. J. Swift,  
leader of the delegation that went to  
Washington to secure the Democratic Na-  
tional Convention, returned from the East  
to-day and immediately issued a call for a  
meeting of the Ways and Means Committee  
to organize working committees. The  
meeting was held to-day at the Hotel  
Jefferson.

**COMMITTED SUICIDE.**  
James West, Living Near Bois  
D'Arc, Took Strychnine.

Springfield, Mo., March 2.—James West,  
a farmer, living four miles west of Bois  
D'Arc, committed suicide to-day by taking  
strychnine. Mr. West bought a bottle of  
the poison at a drug store in Bois D'Arc,  
went home, and at a certain hour he took  
the entire amount. The family learned of  
his condition and attempted to administer  
an antidote, but their efforts were without  
avail. He was determined to die, he said,  
and could not be prevailed on to stop. He  
was slain by the poison. He leaves a wife  
and three children.

**JUDGE PHILLIPS ILL.**  
Physicians Fear That He Cannot  
Recover.

Hillsboro, Ill., March 2.—Judge Phillips  
of the Supreme Court is at his home, dan-  
gerously ill with pneumonia and heart trou-  
ble. His physicians fear that he cannot re-  
cover. It is said that they have arranged  
for his family that he can hardly live more  
than two or three days longer.

**WON BY EDWARD J. KING.**  
St. Louis Man's Fast Shorthand  
Record in National Contest.

Secretary J. B. Goddard of the Western  
Stenographers' Association received the fol-  
lowing telegram from New York last night:

"Edward J. King of St. Louis, your re-  
sultant, won first grand prize at the  
national stenographers' tournament, held  
here this morning. Record, 20 words, 12  
characters, 20 words, 12 characters, 20 words,  
20 words."

**ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.**  
Fred Siler Tried to Burn Himself  
to Death.

Springfield, Mo., March 2.—Fred Siler  
of this city attempted suicide to-day by sat-  
urating his clothing with kerosene and then  
touching a match to it. His wife extin-  
guished the flames and his life was saved.  
He was severely burned, but not danger-  
ously. He is now in the hospital.

# TESTIMONY CLOSED IN CLARK CASE.

Money Used in Prosecuting the  
Charges Comes From  
Marcus Daly.

## STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES.

Payment of the Indebtedness on  
the Ranch of Representative  
Wood—Purchasing  
Real Estate.

Washington, March 2.—Just before the  
closing of the testimony in the  
Clark case, the prosecution and  
the defense in the investigation of the  
election of Senator Clark of Montana  
announced that they had concluded the  
presentation of testimony. There are some  
points to be examined and argument still  
to be heard. Arrangements for this will be  
made tomorrow.

The committee reserves the right to call  
witnesses in its own behalf, but the feeling  
is general that the adverse part of the  
work is finished. All witnesses called by  
either side have been examined, and many  
of them departed to-night for their homes.  
The investigation began on January 5, and  
up to date one hundred witnesses have been  
examined. Their testimony will fill between  
2,000 and 2,500 pages.

The expense to the Government so far  
has been about \$27,000. A number of wit-  
nesses were examined to-day, but the only  
one who gave important testimony was  
James W. Kemper of Butte, whose state-  
ment here upon the purchase of State Rep-  
resentative Wood's ranch.

Mr. Whitmore explained his relations  
with C. W. Clark as developed in the pur-  
chase of State Senator Warner's ranch.  
The defense introduced three or four wit-  
nesses in rebuttal, among them Mr. J. M.  
Neill of Helena. He denied sending a  
message to the effect that the State Sen-  
ate Court could be influenced in the Wil-  
lamson disbursement case.

**Campbell's Expenses.**  
When the Senate committee resumed its  
hearings to-day, Campbell, still on the  
witness stand, made a statement of  
his expenditures in connection with the  
prosecution of the case against Senator  
Clark of Montana. The statement showed  
the following footings:

Establishing and purchasing newspapers,  
\$1,500; expenses in the present investigation  
and in the Wilamson disbursement case,  
\$1,000.

Mr. Campbell said that the \$1,500 had  
been expended in connection with the  
Lafayette Enterprise, the Butte Chronicle  
and the Carbon County Democrat, which  
had been purchased of established busi-  
ness men. He said that he had no other  
purpose than to believe they were corrupt prac-  
tices.

The money in these cases had only been  
loaned. The other expenditures included  
a money spent to date on account of wit-  
nesses, attorneys, and the prosecution of the  
case. It did not, however, include the  
investigation. Mr. Campbell did not know  
where these charges would be. All the  
money thus expended had been received  
from Mr. Daly.

State Senator Henry L. Myers was re-  
called and questioned concerning his  
statements. He said that his statement  
in his affidavit concerning himself was cor-  
rect. He said that he had not been in the  
main in the investigation. He said that he  
frequently came to him during the session  
of the Legislature, telling him that he came  
from Senator Clark's ranch. He said that  
he had not been in the investigation.

Mr. Myers said that he had not been in the  
investigation. He said that he had not been  
in the investigation. He said that he had not  
been in the investigation. He said that he had  
not been in the investigation.

**PAID IN CASH.**  
He had paid Mr. Warner with cash, be-  
cause Mr. Warner desired the payment  
made that way. The witness said that  
of the money paid Mr. Warner \$200 of it  
was in \$100 bills and \$100 of the re-  
mainder was in \$50 bills. He had not paid  
the money until after the Legislature con-  
vened.

When Mr. Whitmore left the stand, Mr.  
Stimney announced that the prosecution  
and the defense in the investigation of the  
election of Senator Clark of Montana  
announced that they had concluded the  
presentation of testimony. There are some  
points to be examined and argument still  
to be heard. Arrangements for this will be  
made tomorrow.

The committee reserves the right to call  
witnesses in its own behalf, but the feeling  
is general that the adverse part of the  
work is finished. All witnesses called by  
either side have been examined, and many  
of them departed to-night for their homes.  
The investigation began on January 5, and  
up to date one hundred witnesses have been  
examined. Their testimony will fill between  
2,000 and 2,500 pages.

The expense to the Government so far  
has been about \$27,000. A number of wit-  
nesses were examined to-day, but the only  
one who gave important testimony was  
James W. Kemper of Butte, whose state-  
ment here upon the purchase of State Rep-  
resentative Wood's ranch.

Mr. Whitmore explained his relations  
with C. W. Clark as developed in the pur-  
chase of State Senator Warner's ranch.  
The defense introduced three or four wit-  
nesses in rebuttal, among them Mr. J. M.  
Neill of Helena. He denied sending a  
message to the effect that the State Sen-  
ate Court could be influenced in the Wil-  
lamson disbursement case.

**Campbell's Expenses.**  
When the Senate committee resumed its  
hearings to-day, Campbell, still on the  
witness stand, made a statement of  
his expenditures in connection with the  
prosecution of the case against Senator  
Clark of Montana. The statement showed  
the following footings:

# TESTIMONY CLOSED IN CLARK CASE.

Money Used in Prosecuting the  
Charges Comes From  
Marcus Daly.

## STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES.

Payment of the Indebtedness on  
the Ranch of Representative  
Wood—Purchasing  
Real Estate.

Washington, March 2.—Just before the  
closing of the testimony in the  
Clark case, the prosecution and  
the defense in the investigation of the  
election of Senator Clark of Montana  
announced that they had concluded the  
presentation of testimony. There are some  
points to be examined and argument still  
to be heard. Arrangements for this will be  
made tomorrow.

The committee reserves the right to call  
witnesses in its own behalf, but the feeling  
is general that the adverse part of the  
work is finished. All witnesses called by  
either side have been examined, and many  
of them departed to-night for their homes.  
The investigation began on January 5, and  
up to date one hundred witnesses have been  
examined. Their testimony will fill between  
2,000 and 2,500 pages.

The expense to the Government so far  
has been about \$27,000. A number of wit-  
nesses were examined to-day, but the only  
one who gave important testimony was  
James W. Kemper of Butte, whose state-  
ment here upon the purchase of State Rep-  
resentative Wood's ranch.

Mr. Whitmore explained his relations  
with C. W. Clark as developed in the pur-  
chase of State Senator Warner's ranch.  
The defense introduced three or four wit-  
nesses in rebuttal, among them Mr. J. M.  
Neill of Helena. He denied sending a  
message to the effect that the State Sen-  
ate Court could be influenced in the Wil-  
lamson disbursement case.

**Campbell's Expenses.**  
When the Senate committee resumed its  
hearings to-day, Campbell, still on the  
witness stand, made a statement of  
his expenditures in connection with the  
prosecution of the case against Senator  
Clark of Montana. The statement showed  
the following footings:

Establishing and purchasing newspapers,  
\$1,500; expenses in the present investigation  
and in the Wilamson disbursement case,  
\$1,000.

Mr. Campbell said that the \$1,500 had  
been expended in connection with the  
Lafayette Enterprise, the Butte Chronicle  
and the Carbon County Democrat, which  
had been purchased of established busi-  
ness men. He said that he had no other  
purpose than to believe they were corrupt prac-  
tices.

The money in these cases had only been  
loaned. The other expenditures included  
a money spent to date on account of wit-  
nesses, attorneys, and the prosecution of the  
case. It did not, however, include the  
investigation. Mr. Campbell did not know  
where these charges would be. All the  
money thus expended had been received  
from Mr. Daly.

State Senator Henry L. Myers was re-  
called and questioned concerning his  
statements. He said that his statement  
in his affidavit concerning himself was cor-  
rect. He said that he had not been in the  
main in the investigation. He said that he  
frequently came to him during the session  
of the Legislature, telling him that he came  
from Senator Clark's ranch. He said that  
he had not been in the investigation.

Mr. Myers said that he had not been in the  
investigation. He said that he had not been  
in the investigation. He said that he had not  
been in the investigation. He said that he had  
not been in the investigation.

**PAID IN CASH.**  
He had paid Mr. Warner with cash, be-  
cause Mr. Warner desired the payment  
made that way. The witness said that  
of the money paid Mr. Warner \$200 of it  
was in \$100 bills and \$100 of the re-  
mainder was in \$50 bills. He had not paid  
the money until after the Legislature con-  
vened.

When Mr. Whitmore left the stand, Mr.  
Stimney announced that the prosecution  
and the defense in the investigation of the  
election of Senator Clark of Montana  
announced that they had concluded the  
presentation of testimony. There are some  
points to be examined and argument still  
to be heard. Arrangements for this will be  
made tomorrow.

The committee reserves the right to call  
witnesses in its own behalf, but the feeling  
is general that the adverse part of the  
work is finished. All witnesses called by  
either side have been examined, and many  
of them departed to-night for their homes.  
The investigation began on January 5, and  
up to date one hundred witnesses have been  
examined. Their testimony will fill between  
2,000 and 2,500 pages.

The expense to the Government so far  
has been about \$27,000. A number of wit-  
nesses were examined to-day, but the only  
one who gave important testimony was  
James W. Kemper of Butte, whose state-  
ment here upon the purchase of State Rep-  
resentative Wood's ranch.

Mr. Whitmore explained his relations  
with C. W. Clark as developed in the pur-  
chase of State Senator Warner's ranch.  
The defense introduced three or four wit-  
nesses in rebuttal, among them Mr. J. M.  
Neill of Helena. He denied sending a  
message to the effect that the State Sen-  
ate Court could be influenced in the Wil-  
lamson disbursement case.

**Campbell's Expenses.**  
When the Senate committee resumed its  
hearings to-day, Campbell, still on the  
witness stand, made a statement of  
his expenditures in connection with the  
prosecution of the case against Senator  
Clark of Montana. The statement showed  
the following footings:

# TESTIMONY CLOSED IN CLARK CASE.

Money Used in Prosecuting the  
Charges Comes From  
Marcus Daly.

## STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES.

Payment of the Indebtedness on  
the Ranch of Representative  
Wood—Purchasing  
Real Estate.

Washington, March 2.—Just before the  
closing of the testimony in the  
Clark case, the prosecution and  
the defense in the investigation of the  
election of Senator Clark of Montana  
announced that they had concluded the  
presentation of testimony. There are some  
points to be examined and argument still  
to be heard. Arrangements for this will be  
made tomorrow.

The committee reserves the right to call  
witnesses in its own behalf, but the feeling  
is general that the adverse part of the  
work is finished. All witnesses called by  
either side have been examined, and many  
of them departed to-night for their homes.  
The investigation began on January 5, and  
up to date one hundred witnesses have been  
examined. Their testimony will fill between  
2,000 and 2,500 pages.

The expense to the Government so far  
has been about \$27,000. A number of wit-  
nesses were examined to-day, but the only  
one who gave important testimony was  
James W. Kemper of Butte, whose state-  
ment here upon the purchase of State Rep-  
resentative Wood's ranch.

Mr. Whitmore explained his relations  
with C. W. Clark as developed in the pur-  
chase of State Senator Warner's ranch.  
The defense introduced three or four wit-  
nesses in rebuttal, among them Mr. J. M.  
Neill of Helena. He denied sending a  
message to the effect that the State Sen-  
ate Court could be influenced in the Wil-  
lamson disbursement case.

**Campbell's Expenses.**  
When the Senate committee resumed its  
hearings to-day, Campbell, still on the  
witness stand, made a statement of  
his expenditures in connection with the  
prosecution of the case against Senator  
Clark of Montana. The statement showed  
the following footings:

Establishing and purchasing newspapers,  
\$1,500; expenses in the present investigation  
and in the Wilamson disbursement case,  
\$1,000.

Mr. Campbell said that the \$1,500 had  
been expended in connection with the  
Lafayette Enterprise, the Butte Chronicle  
and the Carbon County Democrat, which  
had been purchased of established busi-  
ness men. He said that he had no other  
purpose than to believe they were corrupt prac-  
tices.

The money in these cases had only been  
loaned. The other expenditures included  
a money spent to date on account of wit-  
nesses, attorneys, and the prosecution of the  
case. It did not, however, include the  
investigation. Mr. Campbell did not know  
where these charges would be. All the  
money thus expended had been received  
from Mr. Daly.

State Senator Henry L. Myers was re-  
called and questioned concerning his  
statements. He said that his statement  
in his affidavit concerning himself was cor-  
rect. He said that he had not been in the  
main in the investigation. He said that he  
frequently came to him during the session  
of the Legislature, telling him that he came  
from Senator Clark's ranch. He said that  
he had not been in the investigation.

Mr. Myers said that he had not been in the  
investigation. He said that he had not been  
in the investigation. He said that he had not  
been in the investigation. He said that he had  
not been in the investigation.

**PAID IN CASH.**  
He had paid Mr. Warner with cash, be-  
cause Mr. Warner desired the payment  
made that way. The witness said that  
of the money paid Mr. Warner \$200 of it  
was in \$100 bills and \$100 of the re-  
mainder was in \$50 bills. He had not paid  
the money until after the Legislature con-  
vened.

When Mr. Whitmore left the stand, Mr.  
Stimney announced that the prosecution  
and the defense in the investigation of the  
election of Senator Clark of Montana  
announced that they had concluded the  
presentation of testimony. There are some  
points to be examined and argument still  
to be heard. Arrangements for this will be  
made tomorrow.

The committee reserves the right to call  
witnesses in its own behalf, but the feeling  
is general that the adverse part of the  
work is finished. All witnesses called by  
either side have been examined, and many  
of them departed to-night for their homes.  
The investigation began on January 5, and  
up to date one hundred witnesses have been  
examined. Their testimony will fill between  
2,000 and 2,500 pages.

The expense to the Government so far  
has been about \$27,000. A number of wit-  
nesses were examined to-day, but the only  
one who gave important testimony was  
James W. Kemper of Butte, whose state-  
ment here upon the purchase of State Rep-  
resentative Wood's ranch.

Mr. Whitmore explained his relations  
with C. W. Clark as developed in the pur-  
chase of State Senator Warner's ranch.  
The defense introduced three or four wit-  
nesses in rebuttal, among them Mr. J. M.  
Neill of Helena. He denied sending a  
message to the effect that the State Sen-  
ate Court could be influenced in the Wil-  
lamson disbursement case.

**Campbell's Expenses.**  
When the Senate committee resumed its  
hearings to-day, Campbell, still on the  
witness stand, made a statement of  
his expenditures in connection with the  
prosecution of the case against Senator  
Clark of Montana. The statement showed  
the following footings: